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Installation and Operation Manual TSCHAN® Flexible Coupling

Nor-Mex[®] LG, KG, MG



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1 Notes on safety

The present assembly and operating instruction (AOI) constituents a part of the coupling supply. Always keep the AOI near the coupling well accessible.

The German version of this manual is the predominant and binding version.

Make sure that all persons charged with the assembly, operating, service, and maintenance have read and understood the AOI and follow all the points:

- Avert hazards for body and live of the user and third parties.
- Ensure the operating safety of the coupling.
- Avoid the loss of use and environmental impairment through false handling.

In the case of transport, mounting, dismounting and maintenance, attention is to be paid to the relevant regulations for industrial safety and for environmental care.

The coupling may only be operated, mounted, serviced and maintained by authorised and trained personnel.

The user must take into account that the bolting elements of coupling parts may be adversely affected by the heat produced by a brake disk/ brake drum due to the resultant friction. Make sure that the combination of the employed brake lining with the material of the brake disk/ brake drum does not lead to sparks or impermissible thermal growth. The brake disk is



normally made of steel, and the brake disk is normally made of cast iron with nodular graphite. In case of any doubt, please consult the supplier!

In the interest of further development, we reserve the right to make changes which serve technological progress.

By the use of accessories and spare parts, which were not originally manufactured by TSCHAN GmbH, we are not responsible for any resulting damage or liability or guarantee.

2 Technical Description

The Nor-Mex[®] LG, KG and MG couplings are torsionally flexible, puncture proof claw couplings.

They compensate for angular, radial and axial shaft misalignments within defined limits. The coupling transmits torque through elastic buffers loaded in compression. These buffers come in Perbunan (Pb), and are connected to each other to form an intermediate buffer ring. The buffer ring dampens shocks and torsional vibrations. It is resistant to oil and electrically conductive.

One of the coupling halves consists of two parts which allows for the easy separation of the coupled machines. The direction of rotation can be checked after having retracted the claw ring. It is also possible to radially remove a coupling half. The buffer ring can be replaced without having to displace the machines.

The coupling is suitable for use in both directions of rotation and any installation position.

2.1 Intended Application

- The coupling must only be operated in normal industrial atmospheres. Since aggressive media may attack the coupling components, screws and elastic buffer rings, they represent a risk for the operational safety of the coupling. Consult TSCHAN GmbH in such cases.
- In order to ensure trouble-free and reliable operation, the coupling has to be sized according to the design specifications, e.g. according to DIN 740, part 2, (or acc. to catalog NorMex[®]), with a service factor appropriate for the service conditions.
- Except for the production of a finish bore with keyway (see 7.2 'Finish Bores'), no further modifications are allowed to be carried out on the coupling.
- The coupling shall only be used and operated within the frame of the conditions as defined in the performance or delivery contract.
- Any change in the operation conditions or service parameters requires the verification of the coupling design.

3 Marking of the coupling

The product line Nor-Mex [®] has its hardness in Shore (A) indicated on the elastic intermediate ring.



4 Storage

On receipt of the goods, the supply is to be checked immediately for completeness and correctness. Possible damages incurred during transit and / or missing parts are to be notified in writing.

The coupling parts can be stored in their delivered standard-state for 6 months in a dry, roofed place at normal room temperature. For a longer storage duration a long-term preservation is necessary (consult TSCHAN GmbH). The elastic intermediate ring must not be subjected to ozone containing mediums, direct solar influence or strong light sources with ultraviolet-light. The relative humidity must not exceed 65%. In the case of proper storage the characteristics of the elastic intermediate ring remain unchanged for almost up to three years.

5 Construction

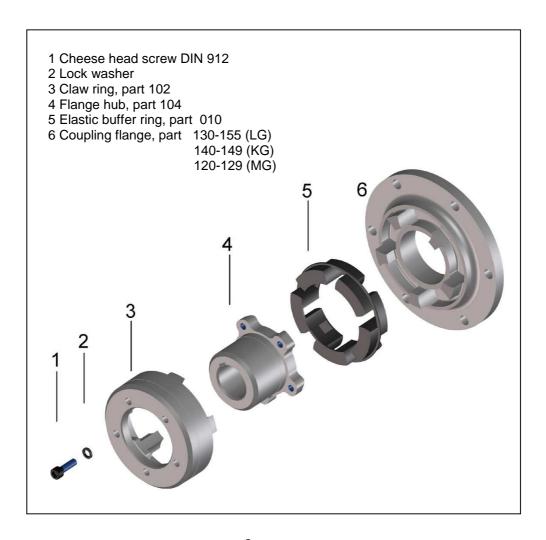


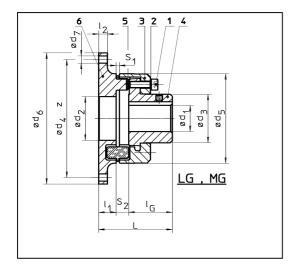
Fig. 1 Construction NOr-Mex® LG, KG, MG

Note:

The claw ring (part 3) and the flange hub (part 4) arrive bolted to each other. Balanced parts are match-marked to each other.



6 Technical Data



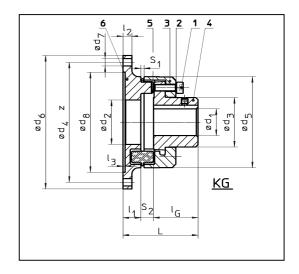


Fig. 2 Nor-Mex[®] LG, MG

Fig. 3 Nor-Mex® KG

Table 1 Technical Data:

Size	T _{Knom.}	T _{Kmax}	T _{Knom.}	T _{Kmax}	n _{max}
Nor-Mex	Pb72	Pb72	Pb82	Pb82	
LG KG MG	[Nm]	[Nm]	[Nm]	[Nm]	[rpm]
82	48	100	75	150	8000
97	96	200	150	210	7000
112	150	310	230	540	6000
128	250	500	380	650	5000
148	390	800	600	1350	4500
168	630	1300	980	1800	4000
194	1050	2000	1650	2400	3500
214	1500	3100	2400	4200	3000
240	2400	4800	3700	6200	2750
265	3700	7500	5800	8300	2500
295	4900	10000	7550	10500	2250
330	6400	13000	9900	14500	2000
370	8900	18200	14000	20000	1750
415	13200	27000	20500	27000	1500
480	18000	36000	28000	66000	1400
575	27000	54000	41000	97500	1200

Table 2 Technical Data Nor-Mex[®] LG:

Size	d₁	d_2	d ₃	d ₄	d ₅	d ₆	d ₇	Z	I ₁	l ₂	I_{G}	L	S ₁	S ₂	m
Nor-Mex	max					h8		num-							not bored
LG	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	ber	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[kg]
82-120	32	40	44,5	108	82	120	6,6	6	16	8	40	68	3,0	12	1,8
97-144	39	50	54,5	128	97	144	9,0	6	20	10	49	83	3,0	14	2,9
112-158	46	60	64,5	142	112	158	9,0	6	22	10	58	95	3,5	15	4,4
128-180	53	70	74,5	160	128	180	11,0	6	25	13	68	109	3,5	16	6,7
148-200	65	90	92,5	180	148	200	11,0	7	28	13	78	124	3,5	18	9,8
168-220	75	100	104,5	200	168	220	11,0	8	34	13	87	142	3,5	21	14,0
194-248	85	115	121,5	224	194	248	13,5	8	38	16	97	159	3,5	24	21,0
214-274	95	130	135,5	250	214	274	13,5	8	42	16	107	175	4,0	26	27,9
240-314	100	145	146,0	282	240	314	17,5	8	45	20	117	192	4,0	30	37,6
265-344	115	160	164,0	312	265	344	17,5	8	50	20	137	220	5,5	33	53,4
295-380	130	170	181,0	348	295	380	17,5	9	52	22	147	236	8,0	37	70,2
330-430	135	200	208,0	390	330	430	22,0	9	56	25	156	252	8,0	40	91,7
370-480	160	235	241,0	440	370	480	22,0	10	62	25	176	281	8,0	43	126,0
415-575	180	270	275,0	528	415	575	26,0	10	65	30	196	306	8,0	45	183,9
480-615	190	320	289,0	568	480	615	26,0	10	65	30	220	330	8,0	45	244,7
575-692	260	400	368	645	575	692	26,0	10	65	30	240	350	8,0	45	370,1



Table 3 Technical Data Nor-Mex[®] KG:

Size	d ₁	d ₂	d ₃	d_4	d_5	d_6	d ₇	Z	d ₈	I ₁	l ₂	l ₃	I _G	L	S ₁	S_2	m
Nor-Mex	max							num-	H7								not
KG	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	ber	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	bored
	_					_					_		_	_			[kg]
168-254	75	99,5	104,5	228	168	254	13,5	8	195	34	13	3,5	87	142	3,5	21	14,6
194-290	85	114,5	121,5	265	194	290	13,5	8	220	38	16	4,0	97	159	3,5	24	22,1
214-334	95	129,5	135,5	310	214	334	13,5	12	265	42	16	3,5	107	175	4,0	26	30,1
240-390	100	144,5	146,0	360	240	390	13,5	16	315	45	20	3,5	117	192	4,0	30	42,0
265-470	115	159,5	164,0	420	265	470	17,5	16	360	50	20	3,5	137	220	5,5	33	62,7

Table 4 Technical Data Nor-Mex[®] MG:

Size	d₁	d_2	d ₃	d₄	d ₅	d_6	d ₇	Z	I ₁	l ₂	I _G	L	S₁	S ₂	m
Nor-Mex	max	2	5		3	f7	/	num-		-2	1.0		- 1	-2	not bored
MG	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	ber	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[kg]
97-6,5"	39	49,5	54,5	200,02	97	215,90	9,5	6	20	10	49	73,0	3.0	14	6,0
112-6,5"	40	50.F	C4 F	200,02	440	215,90	0.5	6	00	40		05.5	2.5	45	7,2
112-7,5"	46	59,5	64,5	222,25	112	241,30	9,5	8	22	10	58	85,5	3,5	15	6,2
128-7,5"				222,25		241,30	9,5	8							8,5
128-8 "	53	69,5	74,5	244,47	128	263,52	11,0	6	25	13	68	98,5	3,5	16	9,3
128-10"				295,27		314,32	11,0	8							11,2
148-8"	65	89,5	92,5	244,47	148	263,52	11.0	6	28	13	78	111,5	3,5	18	11,9
148-10"	- 00	00,0	02,0	295,27	1 10	314,32	11,0	8			, ,	111,0	0,0		13,9
168-10"	75	99,5	104,5	295,27	168	314,32	11,0	8	34	13	87	127,5	3,5	21	17,7
168-11,5"		, -	, , ,	333,37		352,42	,					,-	-,-		19,4
194-11,5"	85	114,5	121,5	333,37	194	352,42	11,0	8	38	16	97	141,5	3,5	24	26,5
194-14"			,	438,15		466,72	14,5						,		34,8
214-11,5"	95	129,5	135,5	333,37	214	352,42	11,0	8	42	16	107	156,0	4,0	26	32,3
214-14"				438,15		466,72	14,5					•			40,5
240-11,5" 240-14"	100	144,5	146.0	333,37 438,15	240	352,42 466,72	11,0	8	45	20	117	169.0	4,0	30	45,0 50,0
240-14	100	144,5	140,0	489,00	240	517,52	14,5	0	45	20	117	109,0	4,0	30	55,8
265-11,5"				333,37		352,42	11,0								59,1
265-14"				438,15		466.72	,	8							64,4
265-16"	115	159,5	164,0	489.00	265	517,52	14,5	Ü	50	20	137	195,5	5,5	30	70,1
265-18"				542,92		571,50	18,0	6							76,1
295-14"				438.15		466.72									78,1
295-16"	400	400 5	404.0	489,00	005	517,52	14,5	8	50	00	4.47	040.0	0.0	07	84,4
295-18"	130	169,5	181,0	542,92	295	571,50	18,0	6	52	22	147	210,0	8,0	37	87,9
295-21"				641,40		673,10	18,0	12							91,7
330-18"				542,92		571,50	18.0	6							118,1
330-21"	135	199,5	208,0	641,40	330	673,10	10,0	12	56	25	156	224,0	8,0	40	131,1
330-24"				692,20		733,40	22,0	12							140,3
370-18"				542,92		571,50	18.0	6							139,1
370-21"	160	234,5	241,0	641,40	370	673,10	-,-	12	62	25	176	250,0	8,0	43	160,7
370-24"				692,20		733,40	22,0								176,7
415-18"				542,92		571,50	18.0	6							178,1
415-21"	180	269,5	275,0	641,40	415	673,10	-,-	12	65	30	196	273,0	8,0	45	204,3
415-24"				692,20		733,40	22,0								220,5

The torques T_{Knom} and T_{Kmax} are valid for:

- buffer rings made from Perbunan Pb72 or Pb82,
- ambient temperatures of -40° up to $+60^{\circ}$,
- operation within the range of the specified alignment values.

For determining the size of the coupling according to DIN 740, part 2, (or to catalog NorMex[®]) various factors have to be taken into account:

- the temperature factor Sυ in case of higher temperatures,
- the start-up factor Sz depending on the frequency of starts,
- the shock factor S_A, S_L depending on the service conditions.

For circumferential speeds above 22 m/s, we recommend to balance the coupling.



7 Installation

7.1 To be observed prior to installation



- Danger of injuries!
- Disconnect the drive before carrying out any work on the coupling!
- Secure the drive against unintentional re-start and rotation!
- Incorrectly tightened bolts can cause serious personal injuries and property damage!
- In compliance with accident prevention regulations, you are obliged to protect all freely rotating parts by means of permanently installed guards/ covers against unintentional contact and falling objects.
- To avoid sparks, covers made of stainless steel must be used!
- As a minimum, the covers have to fulfill the requirements of protection type IP2X.
- The covers must be designed to prevent dust from depositing on the coupling.
- The cover must not contact the coupling nor impair the function of the coupling.
- Make sure that the speeds, torques and ambient temperatures as stated in chapter 6 'Technical Data' are not exceeded.
- The maximum permissible bore diameters must not be exceeded.
- Check whether the shaft-hub connections safely transmit the occurring operating torques.
- The standard tolerance of TSCHAN for finish bores is fit H7.
- Standard keyways comply with DIN 6885, sheet 1.
- Check the dimensions and tolerances of shafts, hub bores, keys and keyways.
- Set screws as required.

7.2 Finish Bores

The following procedure has to be observed to produce a finish bore in a coupling hub:

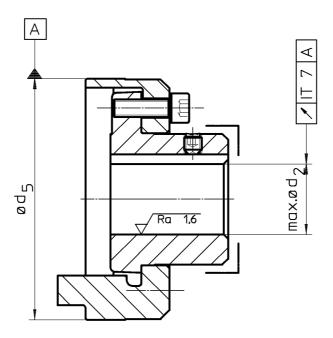
- Clean and remove all preservatives from the coupling hub.
- Mount the coupling hub between the surfaces marked with
 \[
 \text{ and carefully align the coupling hub.}
 \]
- The values for Ød_{1max} listed in table 2, 3 and 4 are valid for keyed connections according to DIN 6885/1 and must not be exceeded.
- Select the bore fit so that an interference fit such as H7/m6 results when mating it with the shaft tolerance.
- Axially lock the hub, for example by means of a setscrew on the back of the hub above the keyway

Contact TSCHAN GmbH if other shaft-hub connections are used.





- The stated maximum bore diameters are valid for keyed connections according to DIN 6885/1 and must not be exceeded.
- If these values are exceeded, the coupling can break.
- Flying coupling debris are a danger to life!



7.3 Coupling installation

- Remove the elastic buffer ring (Fig. 4, pos. 1).
- Prior to installation, carefully clean the bore of the flange hub and the shaft end. The surfaces must be clean, dry and free of grease.
- For larger couplings use suitable mounting tools and hoisting devices such as cranes or pulley blocks.
- Mount the coupling hub in the proper position on the shaft end (Fig. 4, pos. 2).

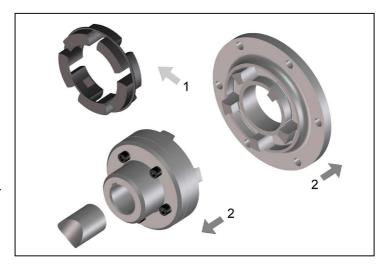


Fig. 4

Note:

To facilitate mounting, the hub can be heated to 80° to 120° . Take care for uniform heating.





- Warning!
- Always wear heat-resistant gloves to protect yourself against injuries due to hot coupling components!
- Mount the hub in such a manner that the shaft end is flush with the inner bore opening (Fig. 5). Observe other mounting procedures that may have been agreed upon in that regard!
- When tightening setscrews, secure them with an adhesive, such as e.g. Loctite 222, to prevent the screws from working loose or dropping out.
- Mount the coupling flange to the flange connection. Take care that the parts do not become canted at the centering seat (Fig. 4, pos. 2).



Fig. 5

ATTENTION!

The contact surfaces of the coupling flange and flange connection must be clean, dry and free of grease. Balanced parts are match-marked to each other.

ATTENTION!

Let the hot hub cool down to ambient temperature, before inserting the buffer ring.

- To facilitate mounting, the buffer ring can be coated with a sliding substance (e.g. talcum).
- Install the buffer ring in one of the coupling halves.
- Push together the shaft end with the mounted coupling half and the coupling flange (Fig. 6).
- Align the coupling in accordance with the instructions given in chapter 8 'Coupling Alignment'.

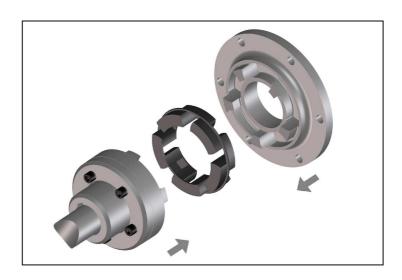


Fig. 6



8 Coupling Alignment



- Danger of injuries!
- Disconnect the drive before carrying out any work on the coupling.
- Secure the drive against unintentional re-start and rotating!
- Note:
- Precise alignment of the coupling increases the lifetime of the intermediate buffer ring.
- It is of utmost importance to observe the recommended alignment values. Exceeding the permissible misalignment values results in coupling damages and failures!
- When aligning the cold equipment, take into account the expected thermal growth of the components, so that the permissible misalignment values for the coupling are not exceeded in operation.
- Be aware that the coupling under misalignment imposes restoring forces on the adjacent shafts and bearings. Take into account that the larger the misalignment, the greater the restoring forces will be.
- The maximum permissible misalignments stated in tables 5 to 7 are guiding values. We recommend not to fully utilize these values when aligning the coupling, so as to have sufficient reserves for thermal growth, foundation settlings etc. during operation.
- In special applications with high demands on quiet running characteristics or higher speeds, alignment accuracies of ≤ 0.1 mm may be necessary for the three alignment levels.
- If the coupling is mounted in a closed housing/ guard, so that alignment is no longer
 possible at a later point of time, make sure that the geometry and the fitting accuracy of
 the contact surfaces ensure true alignment of the shafts within the specified tolerances
 during operation.



8.1 Angular misalignment ΔK_w

- Measure one complete revolution (360°) on the face of the outer diameter. Determine the largest deviation ΔK_{w1} and the smallest deviation ΔK_{w2} (Fig. 7).
- Calculate the angular misalignment: $\Delta K_w = \Delta K_{w1} \Delta K_{w2}$
- The values of table 5 are valid for a reference speed of 1500 rpm.

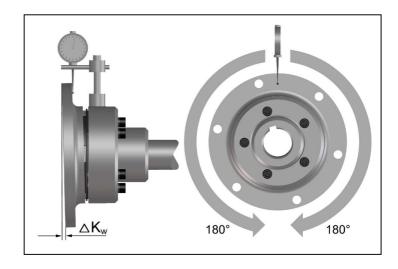


Fig. 7

Table 5 Maximum permissible angular misalignment values:

Size	82	97	112	128	148	168	194	214	240	265	295	330	370	415	480	575
$\Delta K_{\text{w max}} [\text{mm}]$	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3

8.2 Radial misalignment ΔK_r

- Measure one complete revolution (360°) on the face of the outer diameter. Determine the largest deviation ΔK_{r1} and the smallest deviation ΔK_{r2} (Fig. 8).
- Calculate the radial misalignment $\Delta K_r = 0.5 \text{ x } (\Delta K_{r1} \Delta K_{r2})$. Observe the preceding sign of the measured values.
- The values of table 6 are valid for a reference speed of 1500 rpm.

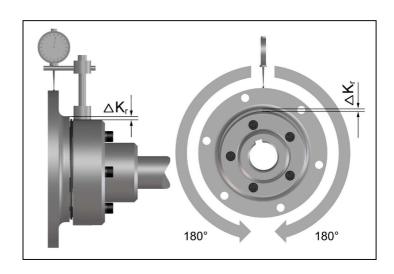


Fig. 8

Table 6 Maximal permissible radial misalignment values:

Size	82	97	112	128	148	168	194	214	240	265	295	330	370	415	480	575
$\Delta K_{r max} [mm]$	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3



8.3 Axial misalignment

- Measure the axial gap dimension as shown in Fig. 9.
- During alignment, observe the gap dimension S and the maximum permissible tolerance X according to table 7.

ATTENTION!

Contact TSCHAN GmbH if larger axial misalignments are expected to occur during operation.

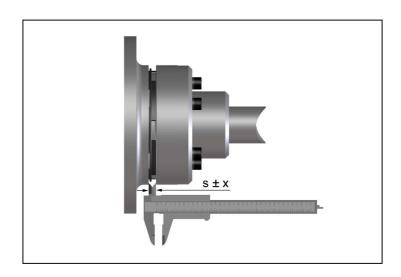


Fig. 9

Table 7 Recommended axial misalignment values:

Size	82	97	112	128	148	168	194	214	240	265	295	330	370	415	480	575
S [mm]	3	3	3,5	3,5	3,5	3,5	3,5	4	4	5,5	8	8	8	8	8	8
X [mm]	±1	±1	±1	±1	±1	±1,5	±1,5	±2	±2	±2,5	±2,5	±2,5	±2,5	±2,5	±2,5	±2,5



9 Operation

When operating the coupling, its specific technical data has to be carefully observed (see chapter 6 'Technical Data'). These values must never be exceeded without the prior written approval by TSCHAN GmbH.

In order to ensure trouble-free and reliable performance of the coupling, the coupling has to be designed according to the selection specifications, e.g. according to DIN 740, part 2 (or acc. to catalog NOr-Mex ®) with a service factor appropriate to the service conditions. Any change in the service conditions or service parameters always necessitates the verification of the coupling design.



- Danger of injuries!
- Disconnect the drive before carrying out any work on the coupling!
- Secure the drive against unintentional re-start and rotation!
- Improperly tightened screws may cause parts to become flying projectiles and lead to most serious personal injuries and property damage!
- Before putting the coupling into operation, check the alignment and all screwed connections for correct tightening torque and firm fit!
- Before starting up the equipment, install all protective guards or covers in order to avoid contact with freely moving or rotating parts.
- To avoid sparks, covers made of stainless steel must be used!
- The covers have to comply with protection type IP2X as a minimum
- The covers must be designed to prevent dust from depositing on the coupling parts.
- The covers must not contact the coupling nor impair its function.

When operating the coupling, pay attention to:

- Changes in operating noises
- Vibrations

Attention!

- Should you observe any unusual phenomena or problems when starting or operating the coupling, disconnect the driving equipment immediately!
- Identify the cause for the problem using table 8 below "Operation Faults and Possible Causes" and correct the fault.
 - The listed problems are some examples to assist you in troubleshooting.
- All the machinery components and operation modes have to be considered for the determination and correction of mechanical problems!



Table 8 Operation Faults and Possible Causes:

Trouble	Cause	Risk Warning	Correction
Irregular	Alignment fault	Considerable	- Disconnect drive
running		increase of coupling	- Remove cause for alignment fault
noises/		temperature. Prema-	- Re-align coupling
vibrations		ture wear of elastic	- Inspect elastic buffers for wear
		buffers. Increased	
		reaction forces act on	
		connected machines.	
	Elastic buffers	Coupling claws strike	- Disconnect drive
	worn out	against each other.	- Check coupling components for
		Spark formation, claw	damages and replace parts, if nec-
		fracture, increased	essary
		reaction forces.	- Replace elastic buffers
	Unbalance	Considerable	- Disconnect drive
		increase in coupling	- Verify balance state of plant
		temperature. Prema-	components and correct it, if nec-
		ture wear of elastic	essary
		buffers. Increased	- Inspect elastic buffers for wear
		reaction forces act on	
		connected machines	
	Loose screw	Flying parts can	- Disconnect drive
	connections	cause serious injuries	- Check coupling parts for damages,
	Connections	and considerable	replace parts, if necessary
		damages.	- Verify alignment of coupling
		damagoo.	- Tighten screws to the specified
			tightening torque and secure them
			against working loose, if necessary
			- Inspect elastic buffers for wear
Premature	Alignment fault	Considerable	- Disconnect drive
wear of		increase in coupling	- Remove cause for alignment fault
elastic		temperature. In-	- Re-align coupling
buffers		creased reaction	- Inspect elastic buffers for wear
		forces act on con-	·
		nected machines.	
	Unacceptable	Material properties of	- Disconnect drive
	temperatures	elastic buffers	- Replace elastic buffers
		change. The torque	- Re-align coupling
		transmission capabil-	- Adjust ambient temperature
		ity is adversely	
		affected.	
	Contact with	Material properties of	- Disconnect drive
	aggressive	elastic buffers	- Check coupling parts for damages
	products	change. The torque	and replace parts, if necessary
		transmission capabil-	- Replace elastic buffers
		ity is adversely	- Verify alignment of coupling
		affected.	- Prevent contact with aggressive
			products



Trouble	Cause	Risk Warning	Correction
	Torsional vibrations in the drive line	Considerable increase in coupling temperature. Premature wear of elastic buffers. Increased reaction forces act on connected machines.	 Disconnect drive Analyse and eliminate cause for torsional vibrations Check coupling parts for damages and replace parts, if necessary Replace elastomer element and consult TSCHAN GmbH concerning the use of another Shore-hardness Verify coupling alignment
Claw breakage	Wear limit of elastic buffers exceeded ===> contact of claws	Coupling is destroyed. Connected machines can also be affected.	 Disconnect drive Replace coupling Inspect the elastic buffers for wear at shorter intervals
	Overload due to too high torque	Coupling is destroyed. Connected machines ca also be affected.	 Disconnect drive Verify coupling design in cooperation with TSCHAN GmbH Replace coupling Install larger coupling, if necessary



9.1 Check of direction of rotation



- Danger of injuries!
- Disconnect the drive before carrying out any work on the coupling!
- Secure the drive against unintentional re-start and rotation!
- Improperly tightened screws may cause parts to become flying projectiles and lead to most serious personal injuries and property damage!
- Before putting the coupling into operation, check the alignment and all screwed connections for correct tightening torque and firm fit!
- Before starting up the equipment, install all protective guards or covers in order to avoid contact with freely moving or rotating parts.
- To avoid sparks, covers made of stainless steel must be used!
- The covers have to comply with protection type IP2X as a minimum.
- The covers must be designed to prevent dust from depositing on the coupling parts.
- The covers must not touch the coupling nor impair its function.



- Attention!
- Checking the direction of rotation shall only be carried out while the coupling flange is still in place at the driving machine! Otherwise the risk of spark formation exists due to the retracted claw ring!
- Remove the fastening screws at the claw ring and push it away from the buffer ring (Fig. 10, pos. 1).
- Secure the claw ring to prevent its displacement.
- Cut through the buffer ring at one of the connecting webs (Fig. 10, pos. 2).
- Pull out the buffer ring, starting from the cut incision on the web.

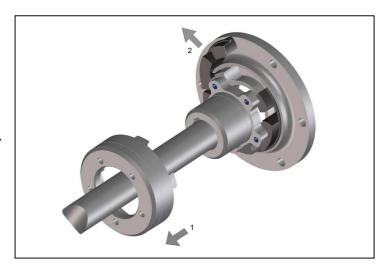


Fig. 10



- Attention!
- Make sure that the coupling halves cannot move axially while checking the direction of rotation.
- The coupling half with the retracted claw ring must be stationary when checking the direction of rotation.
- The rotating half must not contact the stationary half!



- After having checked the direction of rotation, cut through a new buffer ring at one of the connecting webs and insert it between the coupling hub and the flange.
- To facilitate mounting, the new buffer ring can be coated with a sliding substance (e.g. talcum).

Attention!

The contact surfaces of the claw ring and flange hub must be clean, dry and free of grease. Balanced parts are match-marked to each other.

- Insert the claw ring in the marked position relative to the hub. Pay attention that the parts do not get canted at the centering seat.
- Slightly tighten the screws in a uniform manner.
- Tighten the claw ring screws to the tightening torque M_A specified in table 9 (Fig. 11).
- Check the alignment of the coupling according to the instructions given in chapter 8 'Coupling Alignment'.

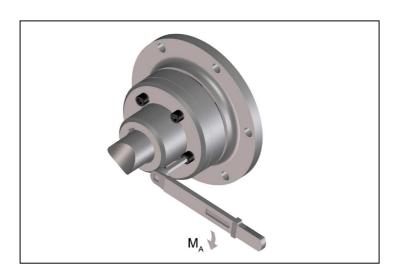


Fig. 11

Table 9 Tightening torques M_A of the claw ring screws:

L	Size	82	97	112	128	148	168	194	214	240	265	295	330	370	415	480	575
	DIN 912- 8.8	M6	M6	M8	M8	M10	M10	M10									
	DIN 912-10.9								M12	M12	M14	M14	M16	M16	M16	M20	M20
	M _A [Nm]	10	10	25	25	49	49	49	125	125	200	200	310	310	310	610	610



10 Maintenance

The Nor-Mex[®]-LG, KG and MG couplings only require little maintenance. The time at which the wear limit of the elastic buffers is reached, depends on the service parameters and application conditions.

On the occasion of routine inspections or maintenance of the equipment, check:

- alignment of the coupling,
- state of the elastomer element,
- and remove dust deposits from coupling parts and buffers.

10.1 Wear inspection on the buffer ring



- Danger of injuries!
- Disconnect the drive before carrying out any work on the coupling!
- Secure the drive against unintentional re-start and rotation!

Perform a visual inspection and a wear inspection of the buffer ring after 2000 operation hours, or after 3 months at latest, after the first start-up of the equipment. If only minor wear or no wear is discovered, further inspections of the plant can be carried out at regular intervals of 4000 hours, but have to be performed at least once a year, if the operating modes and conditions of the plant remain unchanged. However, should excessive wear already be observed on the occasion of the first inspection, check whether the cause for the problem is listed in table 8 "Operation faults and possible causes". In such a case, the inspection intervals must be adapted to the prevailing service conditions.

On the occasion of routine inspections or maintenance work on the drive equipment, or after 3 years at latest:

- Replace the elastic buffer ring.
- If the wear limit has been reached or exceeded, replace the buffer ring immediately, irrespective of the inspection intervals of the equipment.
- Check the alignment of the coupling.
- Remove dust deposits from the coupling components and buffer ring.



10.2 Wear limit of the buffer ring

The buffer ring must be replaced immediately, if the coupling has a distinct circumferential backlash, or if the minimum buffer thickness (PD_{min}, Fig. 12) acc. to table 10 has been reached.

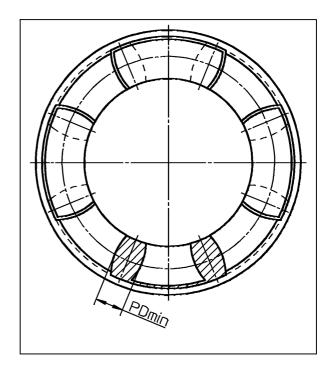


Fig. 12 Buffer thickness

Table 10 Minimum buffer thickness PD_{min}:

Size	82	97	112	128	148	168	194	214	240	265	295	330	370	415	480	575
PD _{min} [mm]	8	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	11	12	13	14	16	17	17	17

10.3 Replacement of the buffer ring



- Danger of injuries!
- Disconnect the drive before carrying out any work on the coupling!
- Secure the drive against unintentional re-start and rotation!
- Remove the fastening screws at the claw ring and push it away from the buffer ring (Fig. 13, pos.1)
- Cut through the buffer ring at one of the connecting webs (Fig. 13, pos. 2).
- Pull out the buffer ring, starting from the cut incision on the web.
- To facilitate mounting, the new buffer ring can be coated with a sliding substance (e.g. talcum).
- Cut through a new buffer ring at one of the connecting webs and insert it between the coupling flange and the flange hub.

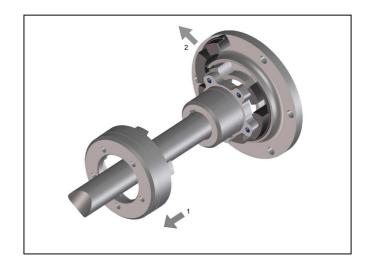


Fig. 13



Attention!

The contact surfaces of the claw ring and flange hub must be clean, dry and free of grease. Balanced parts are match-marked to each other.

- Insert the claw ring in the marked position. Pay attention that the parts do not get canted at the centering seat.
- Slightly tighten the screws in a uniform manner.
- Tighten the claw ring screws to the tightening torque M_A specified in table 11 (Fig. 14).
- Check the alignment of the coupling according to the instructions given in chapter 8 'Coupling Alignment".

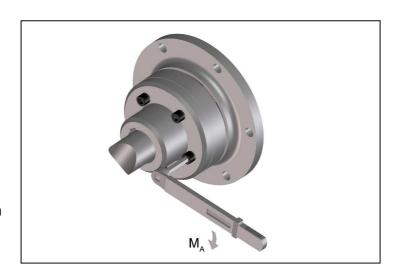


Fig. 14

Table 11 Tightening torques M_A of the claw ring screws:

Size	82	97	112	128	148	168	194	214	240	265	295	330	370	415	480	575
DIN 912- 8.8	M6	M6	M8	M8	M10	M10	M10									
DIN 912-10.9								M12	M12	M14	M14	M16	M16	M16	M20	M20
M _A [Nm]	10	10	25	25	49	49	49	125	125	200	200	310	310	310	610	610



Warning!

- Before starting up the equipment, install all the protective covers in order to avoid contact with freely moving or rotating parts.
- To avoid sparks, covers made of stainless steel must be used!
- The covers have to comply with protection type IP2X as a minimum
- The covers must be designed to prevent dust from depositing on the coupling parts.
- The covers must not touch the coupling nor impair its function.

We do not assume any liability or warranty for any damages resulting from the use of accessories or parts which have not been originally manufactured by TSCHAN GmbH.

11 Waste Disposal

The waste disposal has to occur according to the specific regulations of the respective user country.